	National and State Resource Concerns and Quality Criteria					
WATER CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY						
National Natural Resource Concern	Description of Concern	Quality Criteria	State Quality Criteria	Measurement Units	* Assessment Tools for Quality Criteria Evaluation	
Water Quantity - Excessive Runoff, Flooding, or Ponding	The land becomes inundated restricting land use and management.	Excess water amounts and/or rates of flow are controlled consistent with desired present or intended land use goals and wetland policies.	SAME AS NATIONAL	Non Measurable	Local Soil Survey Information or Soils Investigation  OR  Documented visual assessment which may include assistance notes, documented client interview, Stream Visual Assessment Protocol (SVAP), etc.  OR  Hydrologic models, e.g. HECRAS,TR-20, TR-55	
Water Quantity - Excessive Subsurface Water	Water saturates upper soil layers restricting land use and management.	Subsurface water is managed to limit periods of saturation compatible with the present or intended land use and wetland policies.	SAME AS NATIONAL	Non Measurable	Documented visual assessment and local soil survey information / investigation	
Water Quantity - Reduced Storage of Water Bodies by Sediment Accumulation	Sediment deposits in water bodies (i.e. ponds, lakes, wetlands) reduce the desired volume capacity.	Water bodies and contributing source areas are treated to allow sufficient water storage for present and intended uses.	SAME AS NATIONAL	Acre-Inches/Year – average annual reduction in acre-inches in sediment deposition within water bodies for the field or planning area/unit.	RUSLE2 coupled with sediment delivery computations  OR  Volume calculations	
Water Quality - Harmful Levels of Pesticides in Groundwater	Residues resulting from the use of pest control chemicals degrade groundwater quality.	of, and managed so that	After confirmation of harmful levels of pesticides in groundwater through lab testing or water quality assessments, pesticides are applied, stored, handled, disposed of, and managed so that groundwater uses are not adversely affected.		Water quality laboratory test results OR Local water quality assessments by various federal, state or local government agencies	

National and State Resource Concerns and Quality Criteria						
WATER						
National Natural Resource Concern	Description of Concern	Quality Criteria	State Quality Criteria	Measurement Units	* Assessment Tools for Quality Criteria Evaluation	
Water Quality - Excessive Nutrients and Organics in Groundwater	or human induced nutrients such as N, P, and organics	stored, handled, disposed of, and applied such that groundwater uses are not adversely affected.	Nutrients and organics are stored, handled, disposed of, and applied such that groundwater uses are not adversely affected.  Application of nutrients and organics are in accordance with a nutrient management plan prepared by a Certified Nutrient Management planner/consultant.	Non Measurable	(590) Nutrient Management Standard Worksheets  OR  Local water quality assessments by various federal, state or local government agencies	
Water Quality - Harmful Levels of Pathogens in Groundwater	groundwater quality.	pathogens are stored,	Materials that harbor pathogens are stored, handled, disposed of, applied, and managed such that groundwater uses are not adversely affected. For manure a CNMP is developed and implemented. Sludge land applications are applied according to State law(s).	Non Measurable	Local water quality assessments by various federal, state or local government entities or agencies reported as harmful  OR  Records from water quality laboratory test results	
Water Quality - Harmful Levels of Pesticides in Surface Water	present in toxic amounts degrade	Pesticides are applied, stored, handled, disposed of, and managed such that surface water uses are not adversely affected.	Pesticides are applied, stored, handled, disposed of, and managed such	Non Measurable	WIN-PST (Windows Pesticide Screening Tool – USDA/NRCS) if available  OR  Local water quality assessments by various federal, state or local government agencies (e.g. appears on 303d list for dioxin)  OR  Water quality laboratory test results with surface water chemical sampling assay results	

National and State Resource Concerns and Quality Criteria						
WATER						
National Natural Resource Concern	Description of Concern	Quality Criteria	State Quality Criteria	Measurement Units	* Assessment Tools for Quality Criteria Evaluation	
Water Quality - Excessive Nutrients and Organics in Surface Water	or human induced	Nutrients and organics are stored, handled, disposed of, and managed such that surface water uses are not adversely affected.	stored, handled, disposed of, and managed such	Non Measurable	Phosphorus Index (590) Nutrient Management Standard and RUSLE2 OR Local water quality assessments by various federal, state or local government agencies (303d lists, etc.) OR Water quality laboratory test results OR Documented visual assessment (e.g. Stream Visual Assessment Protocol, photos, etc.)	
Water Quality – Excessive Suspended Sediment in Surface Water	Excessive concentrations of suspended sediment or organic particles degrades surface water quality. Area has less than 70% vegetative cover and sediment delivery is positive in RUSLE2.	The delivery or resuspensions and transport of fine sediment and organic particles are managed so that surface water uses are not adversely affected.	transport of fine sediment and organic particles are managed so that surface water uses are not	Tons/Acre/Year – average annual tons of sediment/materials per acre kept from entering surface water for the field or planning area/unit	Local water quality assessments by various federal, state or local government agencies  OR  Locally approved inventory and documentation forms (e.g. LTP 300-4) and RUSLE2 coupled with sediment delivery  OR  Appears on the 303d list for sedimentation/siltation	

National and State Resource Concerns and Quality Criteria WATER					
National Natural Resource Concern	Description of Concern	Quality Criteria	State Quality Criteria	Measurement Units	* Assessment Tools for Quality Criteria Evaluation
Water Quality - Harmful Levels of Heavy Metals in Surface Water	induced metal pollutants are present in toxic amounts that degrade surface water quality.	Materials containing heavy metals are stored, handled, disposed of, applied, and managed such that surface water uses are not adversely affected.	Materials containing heavy metals are stored, handled, disposed of, applied, and managed such that surface water uses are not adversely affected.	Non Measurable	Local water quality assessments by various federal, state or local government agencies  OR  Surface water body appears on the  WVDEP 303d list for metals such as Hg , Fe <sup>-</sup> , Al <sup>+</sup> , Cr <sup>-</sup> , Pb <sup>-</sup> , Mn <sup>-</sup> , Se <sup>-</sup> Zn <sup>-</sup> , pH, etc.  OR  Water quality laboratory test results indicating harmful levels of a heavy metal
Water Quality - Harmful Levels of Pathogens in Surface Water	a level that degrades surface water quality.	pathogens are stored,	Materials that harbor pathogens are stored, handled, disposed of, applied, and managed such that surface water uses are not adversely affected. For manure a CNMP is developed and implemented. Sludge land applications are applied according to State law(s).	Non Measurable	Local water quality assessments by various federal, state or local government agencies  OR  Water quality laboratory test results containing harmfuul levels of surface water pathogen sampling and assessment  OR  Appears on the 303d list for bacteria, fecal coliform, CNA-biological, etc.

<sup>\*</sup> Assessment tools shown are the principle tool(s) used in determining the presence or absence of this resource concern. **If a particular resource concern is selected, documentation of the use and/or application of the tool(s) is required.** Other tools may be available that provide additional data or supporting information.